

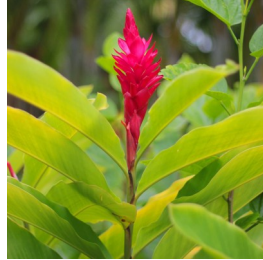
# NATURE WALK

THE WESTIN  
PRINCEVILLE  
OCEAN RESORT VILLAS



TI LEAF  
(CORDYLINE TERMINALIS)

- Polynesian introduced
- Natural habitat is in wet and moist areas
- Hawaiians used it to wrap other herbs to be baked or broiled



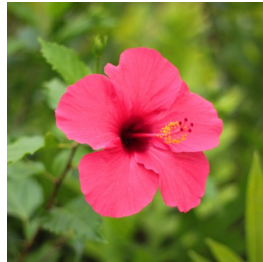
AWAPUHI 'ULA'ULA  
(RED GINGER)  
(ALPINIA PURPURATA)

- Polynesian introduced
- Thrives in moist/humid conditions and can tolerate full sun in some climates. Likes to be well watered and not left out to dry.



NIU (COCONUT)  
(COCOS NUCIFERA)

- Usually found in coastal areas near beaches.
- Trunk, husk, shells, leaves and fronds were used to make food containers, hula drums, fans, toys and other tools.
- Polynesian introduced.



HIBISCUS  
(HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS)

- Introduced to Hawai'i and native to Asia.
- It is the state flower of Hawai'i and the national flower of Malaysia.



LAUA'E FERN  
(PHYMATOSORUS  
SCOLOPENDRIA)

- Indigenous to Hawai'i
- Found in moist areas like rainforests and beside beaches
- Hawaiians adopted it for scenting their kapa cloth.



KO (SUGAR CANE)  
(SACCHARUM OFFICINARUM)

- Introduced to Hawai'i by the Polynesians.
- You may find sugar cane growing wildly near streams and mountains.



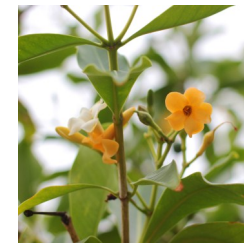
MAI'A (BANANA)  
(MUSA PARADISIACA)

- Introduced to Hawai'i
- Originates from Southeast Asia
- The flower of the plant contains honey that the Hawaiians used as vitamins for their babies.



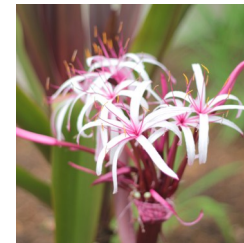
HALA  
(PANDANUS TECTORIUS)

- Introduced to Hawai'i .
- The fruit of the tree is used as a food source in the Pacific Islands.
- The leaf is used to make bracelets, hats, mats and bags.



PUA KENIKENI  
(FAGRAEA BERTEROANA)

- Found in the northern Islands of the Pacific.
- Grows well in mixed gardens.
- A very fragrant flower that is used as adornments.



QUEEN EMMA LILY  
(CRINUM LILY)

- Introduced to Hawai'i
- Native to tropical Southeast Asia.
- Queen Emma was the consort of Kamehameha 4. Queen Emma was very fond of the plant and grew it wildly in her garden.



KUKUI  
(ALEURITES MOLUCCANA)

- It's origin is unknown because of its early spread by humans.
- The Hawaiian used the oil from the nut as oil for light.
- The nuts are also used for decorative purposes and is used to make leis.



MONSTERA DELICIOSO  
(SPLIT LEAF PHILODENDRON)

- Introduced to Hawai'i
- Thrives in tropical/moist climates
- Tolerates low light and low humidity
- Usually grows in the shade

# NATURE WALK MAP



Artist's Rendering, finished product may vary.

## MAHALO

for not disturbing the plants or picking any flowers or fruits from the trees.

- |  |                          |                          |                              |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>1</b> Ti Leaf                       | <b>4</b> Hibiscus        | <b>7</b> Mai'a (Banana)  | <b>10</b> Queen Emma Lily    |
| <b>2</b> Awapuhi 'Ula'ula (Red Ginger) | <b>5</b> Laua'e Fern     | <b>8</b> Hala (Pandanus) | <b>11</b> Kukui (Candlenut)  |
| <b>3</b> Niu (Coconut)                 | <b>6</b> KO (Sugar Cane) | <b>9</b> Pua Kenikeni    | <b>12</b> Monstera Delicioso |